Problem 2.75 Generate a bounce diagram for the voltage $V(z,t)$ for a 1-m–long lossless line characterized by $Z_0 = 50\ \Omega$ and $u_p = 2c/3$ (where c is the velocity of light) if the line is fed by a step voltage applied at $t = 0$ by a generator circuit with $V_g = 60$ V and $R_g = 100\ \Omega$. The line is terminated in a load $R_L = 25\ \Omega$. Use the bounce diagram to plot $V(t)$ at a point midway along the length of the line from $t = 0$ to $t = 25$ ns.

Solution:

$$\Gamma_g = \frac{R_g - Z_0}{R_g + Z_0} = \frac{100-50}{100+50} = \frac{50}{150} = \frac{1}{3},$$
$$\Gamma_L = \frac{Z_L - Z_0}{Z_L + Z_0} = \frac{25-50}{25+50} = \frac{-25}{75} = \frac{-1}{3}.$$

From Eq. (2.149b),
$$V_1^+ = \frac{V_g Z_0}{R_g + Z_0} = \frac{60 \times 50}{100+50} = 20 \text{ V}.$$

Also,
$$T = \frac{l}{u_p} = \frac{l}{2c/3} = \frac{3}{2 \times 3 \times 10^8} = 5 \text{ ns}.$$

The bounce diagram is shown in Fig. P2.75(a) and the plot of $V(t)$ in Fig. P2.75(b).

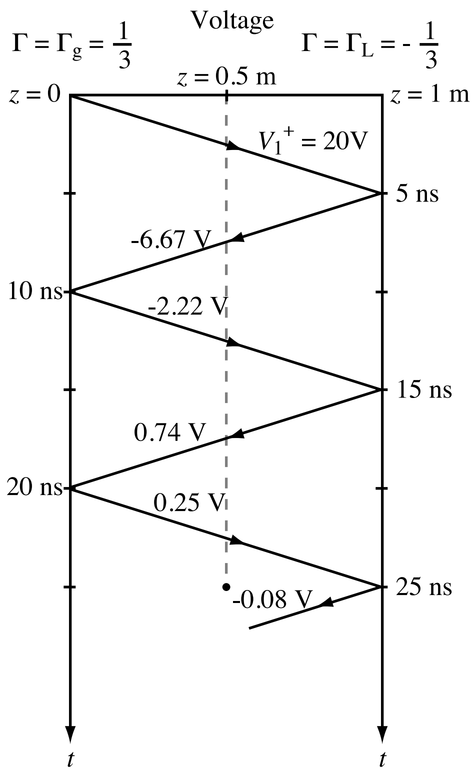

Figure P2.75: (a) Bounce diagram for Problem 2.75.

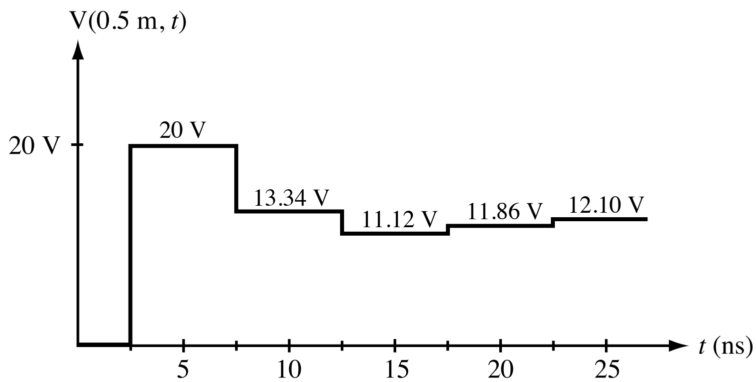

Figure P2.75: (b) Time response of voltage.